

THE RODNEY TELEGRAPH.

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RODNEY, (Miss.) SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1840.

[Whole Number 113.]

THE RODNEY TELEGRAPH

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Terms of Advertising.
Per square of ten lines or less, for the first insertion, One Dollar; for each additional insertion, Fifty Cents.

To those who advertise by the year, a liberal discount will be made.
The number of insertions required must be marked on all advertisements, or they will be continued until ordered out, and charged for accordingly.

All Job Work must be paid for on delivery.

G. T. MARTIN & G. E. MARTIN,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS

AT LAW.
RODNEY, MISS.

WILL attend the circuit courts of Jefferson, Claiborne, Adams and Warren counties; the high court of Errors and Appeals, and the United States court at Jackson.

Address G. T. Martin & Brother,
Rodney, Mississippi.

REFERENCES.

Hon. G. Robertson,
Hon. D. Mays, Lexington, Ky.
Foster & Easton, N. York.
S. W. Oaky & Co., New Orleans,
Dr. J. B. Warren, Rodney, Miss.
H. B. Hill & Co., Louisville, Ky.,

JOHN B. COLEMAN

HAS resumed the practice of Law.
Office in Port Gibson, next door to the Branch of the Planter's Bank.
April 10, 1839

GUSTAVUS H. WILCOX,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR

AT LAW,

RODNEY, MISS.

WILL attend the Circuit Court of Jefferson and the adjoining Counties, and the several Courts at Jackson. He will attend to the collection of money and the settlement of claims in any of the river Counties of Mississippi.
September 7, 1839

Olive Oil.

10 Baskets Olive Oil, a superior article, just received by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & CO.
Aug. 19, 1839.

Superfine Cloths.

A very superior lot of Blue and Black Cloths, just received and for sale by
GRIFFING & CAROTHERS

Macaboy Snuff.

FRESH supply, just received and for sale by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & CO.
Oct. 9, 1839.

Linseys and Jeans.

A Large supply of Kentucky Linseys and Jeans, both coarse and fine, which will be sold low for cash or to punctual customers, just received at the store of MURRAY & GARNETT, by
E. G. WOOD.

Lemon Syrup.

50 Gallons, just received by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & CO.

Tomato and Vegetable Pills

JUST received and for sale, a supply of Miles' Tomato and Peters' Vegetable Pills, by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & CO.

Spring and Summer Clothing

A FRESH SUPPLY of Spring and Summer Clothing, just received and for sale by
GRIFFING & CAROTHERS.
April 10, 1840

White Lead, Linseed Oils,

TURPENTINE, and a select assortment of Paints, just received and for sale by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & Co.

Cold-pressed Castor Oil.

70 Gallons Cold-pressed Castor Oil, just received and for sale by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & Co.
Aug. 26, 1839.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at the December term, 1839, of the Honorable the Probate Court of Jefferson County, Mississippi, the undersigned was appointed administrator on the estate of P. W. Littlepage, late of said county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it will present them within the time prescribed by law.
W. G. HENRY, Adm'r.

Blanks for sale at this office

Commission & Forwarding.

JAMES & BAYLY, of Rodney, Miss., have connected themselves with RICHARD BECK, of New Orleans, in the Commission and Forwarding business; which will be conducted in the latter place by THOMAS P. BAYLY and R. BECK, under the firm of Bayly, Beck & Co., and at Rodney by JOHN G. JAMES, under the firm of John G. James & Co.

JOHN G. JAMES,
THOMAS P. BAYLY,
RICHARD BECK.
New Orleans, 27th Aug. 1839. 69-y

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership of W. & R. Ferriday & Co., of Natchez, and Bennett, Ferriday & Co., of New Orleans, are this day dissolved by mutual consent. William Ferriday and John Routh are alone charged with the settlement of the affairs of W. & R. Ferriday & Co., and are authorized to use the co-partnership name of said firm for the purposes of liquidation; and Henry L. Bennett and John Routh are charged with the settlement of the affairs of Bennett, Ferriday & Co., and are authorized to use the co-partnership name of said firm for the purposes of liquidation.

WILLIAM FERRIDAY,
JOSEPH C. FERRIDAY,
HENRY L. BENNETT,
ROBERT FERRIDAY,
SANDFORD W. WATERS.
New Orleans, May 6th, 1840.

Notice.

THE subscribers have entered into Co-Partnership here and in Natchez, for the purpose of transacting a general COMMISSION BUSINESS. The firm in this city will be Ringgold & Ferriday, and in Natchez Ferriday & Ringgold.

ALEX. H. RINGGOLD,
JOSEPH C. FERRIDAY.
New Orleans, May 6, 1840. 51-41.

Lancets.

Doz. Evans' Genuine Lancets, just received by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & CO.
Aug. 19, 1839. 68

PRINTING.

THE office of the Rodney Telegraph has been supplied with a great variety of

NEW TYPE,

and we are prepared to execute in a style of superior neatness, all kinds of Printing usually called for in this section of country—such as

Bank Circulars and Checks,

PAMPHLETS,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE,

Funeral Exhibitions,

Magistrate's Blanks,

HANDBILLS,

BILLS OF LADING,

Promissory Notes,

NOTARY'S BLANKS,

Business & Address Cards,

BLANK DEEDS, &c.

Commission, Storage & Forwarding.

I AM now prepared to receive Cotton on Storage, and will make liberal advances in money, on shipments to New Orleans or Liverpool.

Punctual attention to, and prompt sales made of all consignments of Produce, and other articles which may be entrusted to my care.

Up Country Produce and Groceries, furnished Planters on the most accommodating terms.
JOHN A. WATKINS.
Rodney, Sept. 18, 1839. 72.

Insolvency.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeably an order of the Honorable the Probate Court of Jefferson county, at the last term, Thomas W. Garnett, John A. Watkins, and Robert W. Worthington, commissioners appointed by said Court, will meet on the first Saturday in each month, for six successive months, at the office of John A. Watkins, Esq., in the town of Rodney, to receive, audit, and allow, claims against the estate of John Ducker, deceased, represented insolvent. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same to the said commissioners, duly authenticated for allowance.

THOMAS W. GARNETT,
JOHN A. WATKINS,
R. W. WORTHINGTON.
Rodney, May 2, 1840. 49-6m.

Spices.

ALLSPICE, Black Pepper, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, and Spices of all kinds, just received by
R. N. FETHERSTONH & CO.
Oct. 9, 1839. 67-75.

"LONG TIME AGO."

In the wilds along our border,

Long time ago,

Where discord ruled in wild disorder,

Long time ago,

Who was it stilled the mad commotion,

Long time ago,

Said "Peace—be still, thou troubled Ocean?"

'Twas Tippecanoe.

When trembling age and weeping beauty,

Long time ago,

Called each proud hero to his duty,

Long time ago,

Who rushed to war with falchion gleaming,

Long time ago,

And victor was, where blood was streaming?

'Twas Tippecanoe.

When other hearts were sadly sinking,

Long time ago,

Despair's dark cup too deeply drinking,

Long time ago,

Who kept his banner proudly flying,

Long time ago,

Amid the groans of heroes dying?

'Twas Tippecanoe.

Then coming peace his banner furling,

Long time ago,

Beauty's self the laurel curling,

Long time ago,

Into a wreath of glory wound it,

Long time ago,

And on the brow our country bound it

Of Tippecanoe.

THE REASON WHY.

Now tell me, father, why men shout

So loud for Harrison?

In every crowd—in every street

They only speak of one!

'Tis a long tale to tell, my son,

You'll hardly understand—

Bad, wicked men are now in power,

A curse o'er all the land.

Now these bad men we want to send

Back to their homes away,

And this is why you hear us call

For Harrison all day.

But, father dear, is Harrison

Quite certain not to do

As these bad wicked men have done,

So hated now by you?

My son, we judge what men will do

By what they've done before;

And every time we find them true

We trust them more and more.

Now this great man whose name you hear

Proclaimed by every one,

Has wielded power almost as great

As many kings have done;

And yet he never swerved a hair

From honor's strictest laws:

He thought it recompense enough

To fight in freedom's cause!

And many times his life he risk'd

Upon the battle-field,

And though the foe oft pressed him close,

He ne'er was known to yield.

So now, my child, you see why men

Do shout for "Freedom's Son;"

And why they'll never leave the fight

They nobly have begun.

Till victory's banner waves supreme—

Hurrah for Harrison!

A Van Buren Convert at Last.—A Western

correspondent writes us as follows:—"I met a man a few days since who had gone over to the Van Buren party! He gave a reason for so doing—and what do you think it was? He said he was 'to have a situation to sleep with Amos Kendall's children, to keep them from being frightened by Whig guns—their father being in too delicate health to give them his personal attention.' How true the saying that 'every man has his price.'"

Dr. Johnson compared plaintiff and defendant, in an action at law, to two men ducking their heads in a bucket, and daring each other to remain longest under water.

TRUTH.—He who speaks lightly of female society is either a numskull or a knave—the former not having sense enough to discern its benefits, and the latter hating the restraint it lays upon his vices.

AN OLD MAID.—According to the book of Jasher, recently published, Neomah, the daughter of Enoch, was five hundred and eighty years old when she was married to Noah.

WHAT IS RIDICULOUS.—"Do you see any thing ridiculous in this wig?" said one of his brother judges to Curran. "Nothing but the head," he answered.

The Chinese have a saying that an unlucky word dropped from the tongue cannot be brought back by a coach and six horses.

We clip the following from the volunteer toasts drunk at the celebration of the fourth of July at Paineville, Amelia county, Va.:
By Robert S. Ligon. *The Northern man with southern feelings—*
He wires in and wires out,
And leaves a body still in doubt,
Whether the snake that makes the track,
Was going South or coming back.

HOMAGE OF JUSTICE.

We have compiled, from various sources, the following disinterested testimonials, which were commanded from their several authors by the lofty patriotism, valor, talents and success of Gen. Harrison, long before he was named for the Presidency, and in times which ought to give them weight sufficient to bear down all the petty calumnies and quibbling objections which party malignity may now presume to forge against the war-worn and time-honored patriot and soldier.

The authorities we present against the puny attacks of Loco-Foco Federalism, and which we shall stereotype as an impregnable barricade against all opposition, are no less than the CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, the LEGISLATURE OF INDIANA, and of KENTUCKY, JAMES MADISON, JAMES MONROE, COL. RICHARD M. JOHNSON, ANTHONY WAYNE, LANGDON CHEVES, SIMON SNYDER, GOV. SHELBY, COM. PERRY, COL. CROGHAN, COL. DAVIES, and others, including in the illustrious catalogue even THOMAS RITCHIE himself!

We begin with the testimony of Col. R. M. Johnson, now Vice President of the United States.

Col. Johnson said, (in Congress)—
"Who is Gen. Harrison? The son of one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, who spent the greater part of his large fortune in redeeming the pledge he then gave, of his 'fortune, life and sacred honor,' to secure the liberties of his country."

"Of the career of Gen. Harrison I need not speak—the history of the West, is his history. For forty years he has been identified with its interests, its perils and its hopes. Universally beloved in the walks of peace, and distinguished by his ability in the councils of his country, he has been yet more illustriously distinguished in the field."

"During the late war, he was longer in active service than any other General officer; he was, perhaps, oftener in action than any one of them, and never sustained a defeat."

James Madison, in a special message to Congress, Dec. 18, 1811, said,

"While it is deeply lamented that so many valuable lives have been lost in the action which took place on the 7th ultimo, Congress will see with satisfaction the dauntless spirit of fortitude victoriously displayed by every description of troops engaged, as well as the collected firmness which distinguished their commander on an occasion requiring the utmost exertions of valor and discipline."

James Madison in his message to Congress, Nov. 1812, said,

"An ample force from the States of Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia, is placed, with the addition of a few regulars, under the command of Brigadier General Harrison, who possesses the entire confidence of his fellow soldiers, among whom are citizens, some of them volunteers in the ranks, not less distinguished by their political stations than by their personal merits."

In Mr. Madison's message of Dec. 1813, the compliment was extended, as follows:

"The success on Lake Erie having opened a passage to the territory of the enemy, the officer commanding the North-Western arms, transferred the war thither, and, rapidly pursuing the hostile troops, fleeing with their savage associates, forced a general action, which quickly terminated in the capture of the British, and dispersion of the savage force."

"This result is signally honorable to Major General Harrison, by whose military talents it was prepared."

The following tribute of praise was paid to General Harrison, in 1811, by eleven of the officers who fought under his banner at the battle of Tippecanoe:

"Should our country again require our services to oppose a civilized or savage foe, we should march under General Harrison with the most perfect confidence of victory and fame."

JOEL COOK, R. B. BURTON, NATHAN ADAMS, A. HAWKINS, H. BURCHSTEAD, HOSEA BLOOD, JOSIA SPEELING, O. G. BURTON, C. FULLER, G. GOODING, J. D. FOSTER.

Extract of a letter from Col. Davies, who was killed at the battle of Tippecanoe, Aug. 24th, 1811:

"I make free to declare, that I have imagined there were two military men in the West, and Gen. Harrison is the first of the two."

Message of Simon Snyder, Governor of Pennsylvania, Dec. 10, 1813.

"Already is the brow of the young warrior, Croghan, encircled with laurels, and the blessings of thousands women and children rescued from the scalping knife of the ruthless savage of the wilderness, and from the still more savage Proctor, rest on Harrison and his gallant army."

In the Legislature of Indiana, on the 12th Nov. 1811, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Gen. Wm. Johnson, thus addressed Gen. Harrison:

"Sir—The House of Representatives of the Indiana territory, in their own name, and in behalf of their constituents, most cordially reciprocate the congratulations of your Excellency on the glorious result of the late sanguinary conflict with the Shawnee Prophet, and the tribes of Indians confederated with him; when we see displayed in behalf of our country, not only the consummate abil-

ities of the general, but the heroism of the man; and when we take into view the benefits which must result to that country from those exertions, we cannot, for a moment, withhold our meed of applause."

Legislature of Kentucky, Jan. 7, 1812.

"Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Kentucky, in the late campaign against the Indians upon the Wabash, Gov. William Henry Harrison behaved like a hero, a patriot, and a general; and that for his cool, deliberate, skillful and gallant conduct in the battle of Tippecanoe, he well deserves the warmest thanks of his country and his nation."

Gen. Anthony Wayne, in his letter to the Secretary of War, giving an official account of his sanguinary Indian Battle, in 1792, said:

"My faithful and gallant Lieutenant Harrison, rendered the most essential service, by communicating my orders in every direction, and his conduct and bravery, exciting the troops to press for victory."

Resolution directing medals to be struck, and, together with the thanks of Congress, presented to Major General Harrison, and Governor Shelby for other purposes.

"Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress be, and they are hereby presented to Major General William Henry Harrison, and Isaac Shelby, late Governor of Kentucky, and, through them to the officers and men under their command, for their gallantry and good conduct in defeating the combined force of British and Indians under Major General Proctor, on the Thames, in Upper Canada, on the fifth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, capturing the British army, their baggage, camp equipage, and artillery; and that the President of the United States be requested to cause two gold medals to be struck, emblematical of this triumph, and presented to Gen. Harrison and Isaac Shelby, late Governor of Kentucky."

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the H. of Representatives.

JOHN GALLIARD,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

April 4, 1818.—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

Gov. Shelby to Mr. Madison, May 18th, 1814, says:

"I feel no hesitation to declare to you that I believe Gen. Harrison to be one of the first military characters I ever knew."

Col. Richard M. Johnson to General Harrison, July 4, 1813, says:

"We do not want to serve under cowards or traitors; but under one [Harrison] who had proved himself wise, prudent and brave."

Commodore Perry to General Harrison, August 18, 1817, says:

"The prompt change made by you in the order of battle on discovering the position of the enemy, has always appeared to me to have evinced a high degree of MILITARY TALENT. I concur with the venerable Shelby in his general approbation of your conduct in that campaign."

The opinions of the Hon. Langdon Cheves of the importance of the victory of the Thames, and the bravery of Gen. Harrison.

"The victory of Harrison, was such as would have secured to a Roman General in the best days of the Republic, the honors of a triumph! He put an end to the war in the uppermost Canada."

Sentiments of the hero of Fort Stephenson, Col. Croghan, now of the War Department:

"I desire no plaudits which are bestowed upon me at the expense of Gen. Harrison."

"I have felt the warmest attachment for him as a man, and my confidence in him as an able commander remains unshaken. I feel every assurance that he will at all times do me ample justice; and nothing could give me more pain than to see his enemies seize upon this occasion to deal out their unfriendly feelings and acrimonious dislike; and as long as he continues, (as in my humble opinion he has hitherto done,) to make the wisest arrangements and the most judicious disposition, which the forces under his command will justify, I shall not hesitate to unite with the army in bestowing upon him that confidence which he so richly merits, and which has on no occasion been withheld."

Lastly we come to the neat compliment of Thomas Ritchie, editor of the Richmond Enquirer, the leading organ of the Coalition in the South, who now brandishes his old "shapeless sword with two broken points," and threatens devastating war upon the conqueror of the British and Indian Coalition of the West! The Richmond Enquirer said:

"Gen. Harrison's letter tells us every thing that we wish to know about the officers, except himself. He does justice to every one but Harrison—and the west must therefore do justice to the man, who was too modest to be just to himself."

A NEW STATE.—The taking of the census of Iowa has been completed. The population of the territory is over 50,000—more than sufficient to entitle it to admission into the Union.